

# **Planning for Negotiation**

- Identification of each party's needs
  - Principal Investigator's
  - Student's
  - Institution's
  - Sponsor



## What are the Objectives?

- Intended benefits
- Unintended benefits
- Tangents
- Cost
- Administrative requirements
- "Political realities"



#### **Determine Issues and Alternatives**

- Terms and Conditions
- ▶ Time line
- Restrictions
- Termination
- > Prioritize the issue

## **Methods of Negotiation**

- Face to Face
- Telephone
- Written
- Considerations
- Scheduling of the Negotiation
- Time allotted
- Facilities
- Lead Negotiator
- Team Members and their roles
- Team Member schedules
- Team preparation meeting
- Mock negotiation

#### Structure of the Negotiation Team

- Authoritative
- Lead Negotiator Supported by team members
- Supported by team members
   Participative
   Lead Negotiator needs to coordinate and integrate the overall negotiation
   Team members negotiate in areas of expertise
- Autonomous
- Several Negotiators working in parallel
  Each Negotiator has the authority for a portion of the
  agreement
- Combination
- Most widely used


## **Modes of Negotiation**

- Visual
- Written Communication
- Auditory
- Face to Face or Telephone
- Emotive
- Face to Face
- Multiplex
  - All of the above

## **Negotiation Techniques**

- Can you walk away?
- Long list or small list
- Start with low lying fruit
- Always make progress
- Be Flexible
- Back Channels
- ▶ Silence is Golden
- Patience is a virtue

### Getting to Win/Win

- An agreement that satisfies the needs of both parties
- Focus on the interests of the parties
- Invent options
- Agreeing Yes, but...
- ▶ Why is Win/Win important?
  - Most of our sponsors are not one and done
  - It allows us to further our mission
  - Building relationships



# Summary

- Identify the needs
- Identify the objectives
- Identify the issues
- ▶ 4 P's
- At the end of the day we want everyone to be HAPPY